

**Source**

Biotinylated Mouse IgG2b Antibody Isotype Control is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293), which combines the variable region of a mouse monoclonal antibody with human IgG1 constant domain. The mouse monoclonal antibody is produced from a hybridoma resulting from fusion of SP2/0 myeloma and B-lymphocytes obtained from a mouse immunized with IgG control.

**Isotype**

Mouse IgG2b/kappa

**Specificity**

Specifically reacts with DNP (Dinitrophenyl) and DNP conjugated proteins.

**Purity**

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

>95% as determined by SEC-MALS.

**Endotoxin**

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

**Formulation**

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

**Reconstitution**

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

*For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.*

**Storage**

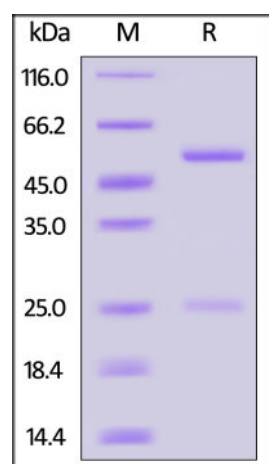
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

*Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.*

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

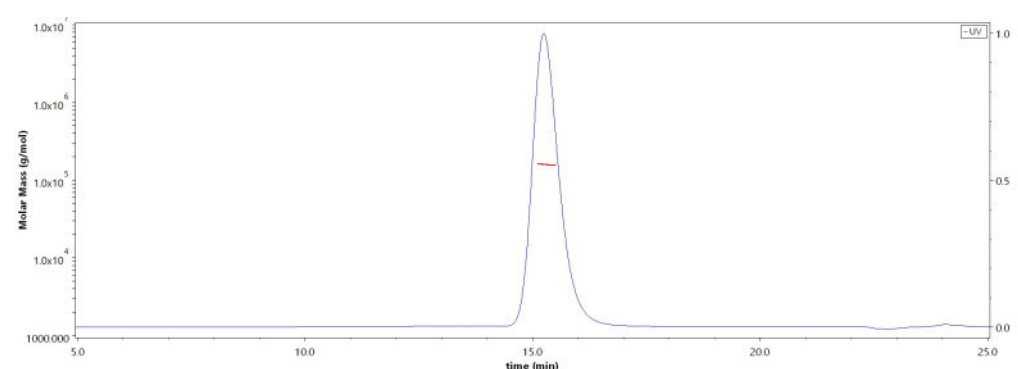
**SDS-PAGE**



Biotinylated Mouse IgG2b Antibody Isotype Control on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

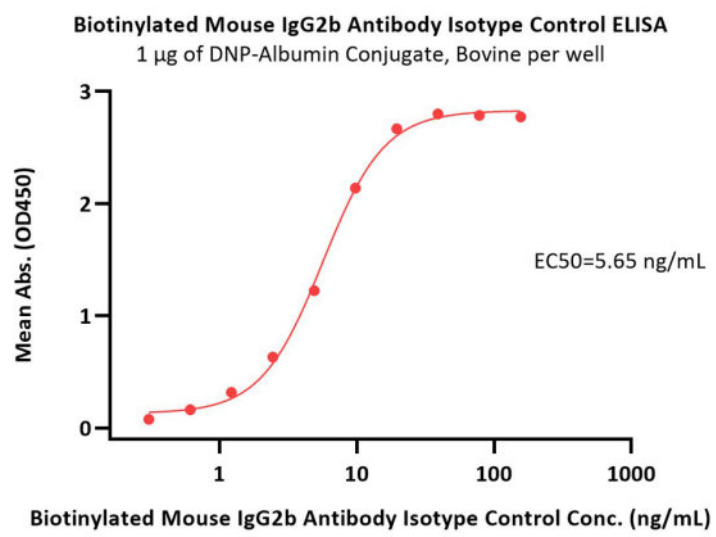
**Bioactivity-Elisa**

**SEC-MALS**



The purity of Biotinylated Mouse IgG2b Antibody Isotype Control (Cat. No. DNP-BLM486) is more than 95% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 145-165 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

[Report](#)



Immobilized DNP-Albumin Conjugate, Bovine at 10 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Biotinylated Mouse IgG2b Antibody Isotype Control (Cat. No. DNP-BLM486) with a linear range of 0.3-10 ng/mL (QC tested).

## Background

A hapten is a small molecule that can elicit an immune response only when conjugated with a large carrier such as a protein. Typical haptens include drugs, urushiol, quinone, steroids, etc. Peptides and non-protein antigens usually need conjugating to a carrier protein (such as BSA (bovine serum albumin) or KLH (keyhole limpet hemocyanin) to become good immunogens). Additionally, haptens should be administered with an adjuvant to ensure a high quality immune response. It is important that the hapten design (preserving greatly the chemical structure and spatial conformation of target compound), selection of the appropriate carrier protein and the conjugation method are key conditions for the desired specificity anti-hapten antibodies. We design anti-hapten antibodies based on the HaptenDB information.

## Clinical and Translational Updates

Please contact us via [TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com](mailto:TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com) if you have any question on this product.