Biotinylated Human / Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque ROR1 Protein, Fc,Avitag™

Catalog # RO1-H82F4



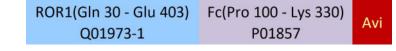
Synonym

ROR1,NTRKR1

Source

Biotinylated Human / Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque ROR1, Fc, Avitag (RO1-H82F4) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Gln 30 - Glu 403 (Accession # Q01973-1). In the region Gln 30 - Glu 403, the AA sequence of Human, Cynomolgus and Rhesus macaque ROR1 are homologus. Predicted N-terminus: Gln 30

Molecular Characterization



This protein carries a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus, followed by an Avi tag (AvitagTM)

The protein has a calculated MW of 70.1 kDa. The protein migrates as 90-100 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Labeling

Biotinylation of this product is performed using AvitagTM technology. Briefly, the single lysine residue in the Avitag is enzymatically labeled with biotin.

Protein Ratio

Passed as determined by the HABA assay / binding ELISA.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from $0.22~\mu m$ filtered solution in 50~mM Tris, 100~mM Glycine, 150~mM NaCl, pH7.5 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

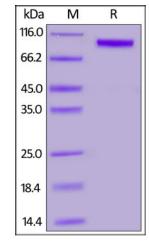
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

SDS-PAGE



Biotinylated Human / Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque ROR1, Fc, Avitag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

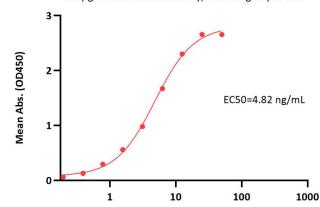
Bioactivity-ELISA

Biotinylated Human / Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque ROR1 Protein, Fc,Avitag™





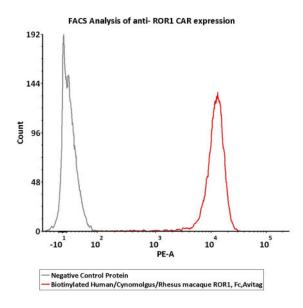
Biotinylated Human / Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque ROR1, Fc, Avitag ELISA $0.1~\mu g$ of Anti-ROR1 Antibody, Human IgG1 per well



Biotinylated Human / Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque ROR1, Fc, Avitag Conc. (ng/mL)

Immobilized Anti-ROR1 Antibody, Human IgG1 at 1 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Biotinylated Human / Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque ROR1, Fc,Avitag (Cat. No. RO1-H82F4) with a linear range of 0.2-6 μ g/mL (QC tested).

Bioactivity-FACS



2e5 of anti-ROR1 CAR-293 cells were stained with 100 μ L of 10 μ g/mL of Biotinylated Human / Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque ROR1, Fc,Avitag (Cat. No. RO1-H82F4) and negative control protein respectively, washed and then followed by PE-SA and analyzed with FACS (Routinely tested).

Background

Tyrosine-protein kinase transmembrane receptor ROR1 is also known as Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase, receptor-related 1 (NTRKR1), which belongs to the protein kinase superfamily or tyr protein kinase family or ROR subfamily. ROR1 contains 1 FZ (frizzled) domain, 1 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain, 1 kringle domain, 1 protein kinase domain. ROR1 is expressed at high levels during early embryonic development. The expression levels drop strongly around day 16 and there are only very low levels in adult tissues. Isoform Short is strongly expressed in fetal and adult CNS and in a variety of human cancers, including those originating from CNS or PNS neuroectoderm. ROR1 could interact with casein kinase 1 epsilon (CK1ε) to activate phosphoinositide 3-kinase-mediated AKT phosphorylation and cAMP-response-element-binding protein (CREB), which was associated with enhanced tumor-cell growth.

Clinical and Translational Updates

Please contact us via <u>TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com</u> if you have any question on this product.